Safety data sheet
according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, Annex II

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Bechtol Premium
REF 536

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture:
It is a medical product
Disinfectant cleaner

Uses advised against:
No information available at present.

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

GB

Alfred Becht GmbH Postfach 1145, D-77601 Offenburg, Carl-Zeiss-Str. 16, 77656 Offenburg, Germany
Phone:+49 781 60586-0, Fax:+49 781 60586-40
www.becht-online.de

E-mail address of the competent person: klug@becht-online.de

1.4 Emergency telephone number

Emergency information services / official advisory body:

Telephone number of the company in case of emergencies:
During business hours (Monday - Friday 8 am - 4.30 pm), Tel:+49 (0)781 / 60586-0

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP)

Hazard class	Hazard category	Hazard statement
Acute Tox.	4	H332-Harmful if inhaled.
Skin Corr.	1B	H314-Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
Skin Sens.	1	H317-May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Aquatic Acute	1	H400-Very toxic to aquatic life.
Aquatic Chronic	1	H410-Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

2.2 Label elements

Labeling according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP)

Safety data sheet according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, Annex II
Revision date / version: 16.01.2017 / 0001
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Bechtol Premium
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Danger

H332-Harmful if inhaled. H314-Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. H317-May cause an allergic skin reaction. H410-Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

P260-Do not breathe vapours or spray. P273-Avoid release to the environment. P280-Wear protective gloves / protective clothing and eye protection / face protection.
P301+P330+P331-IF SWALLOWED: rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. P303+P361+P353-IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water / shower. P305+P351+P338-IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. P310-Immediately call a POISON CENTER / doctor.

Quaternary ammonium compounds, benzyl-C12-18-alkyldimethyl, chlorides
2,2'-Iminodiethylamine
N-(3-aminopropyl)-N-dodecylpropane-1,3-diamine
Tridecylamine, branched and linear

2.3 Other hazards

The mixture does not contain any vPvB substance (vPvB = very persistent, very bioaccumulative) or is not included under XIII of the regulation (EC) 1907/2006 (< 0,1 %).
The mixture does not contain any PBT substance (PBT = persistent, bioaccumulative, toxic) or is not included under XIII of the regulation (EC) 1907/2006 (< 0,1 %).

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.1 Substance

n.a.

3.2 Mixture

Quaternary ammonium compounds, benzyl-C12-18-alkyldimethyl, chlorides	
Registration number (REACH)	---
Index	---
EINECS, ELINCS, NLP	269-919-4
CAS	68391-01-5
content %	5-10
Classification according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP)	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Skin Corr. 1B, H314 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 (M=10) Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 (M=1)

2,2'-Iminodiethylamine	
Registration number (REACH)	01-2119473793-27-XXXX
Index	612-058-00-X

EINECS, ELINCS, NLP	203-865-4
CAS	111-40-0
content %	1-5
Classification according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP)	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Acute Tox. 4, H312 Skin Corr. 1B, H314 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Acute Tox. 2, H330 STOT SE 3, H335

N-(3-aminopropyl)-N-dodecylpropane-1,3-diamine	
Registration number (REACH)	---
Index	---
EINECS, ELINCS, NLP	219-145-8
CAS	2372-82-9
content %	1-5
Classification according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP)	Acute Tox. 3, H301 STOT RE 2, H373 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 (M=10) Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 (M=1) Skin Corr. 1A, H314

Tridecylamine, branched and linear	
Registration number (REACH)	01-2119461722-40-XXXX
Index	---
EINECS, ELINCS, NLP	289-185-9
CAS	86089-17-0
content %	1-2,5
Classification according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP)	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Skin Corr. 1B, H314 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 (M=10) Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 (M=10)

Nitrilotriacetic acid	
Registration number (REACH)	01-2119968928-12-XXXX
Index	---
EINECS, ELINCS, NLP	205-355-7
CAS	139-13-9
content %	0,1-<1
Classification according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP)	Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Carc. 2, H351

For the text of the H-phrases and classification codes (GHS/CLP), see Section 16.
The substances named in this section are given with their actual, appropriate classification!
For substances that are listed in appendix VI, table 3.1/3.2 of the regulation (EC) no. 1272/2008 (CLP regulation) this means that all notes that may be given here for the named classification have been taken into account.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

Never pour anything into the mouth of an unconscious person!

Inhalation

Remove person from danger area.
Supply person with fresh air and consult doctor according to symptoms.

Skin contact

Wash thoroughly using copious water - remove contaminated clothing immediately. If skin irritation occurs (redness etc.), consult doctor.
Cauterizations not treated lead to wounds difficult to heal.

Eye contact
Remove contact lenses.
Wash thoroughly for several minutes using copious water - call doctor immediately, have Data Sheet available.
Protect uninjured eye.
Follow-up examination by an ophthalmologist

Ingestion
Rinse the mouth thoroughly with water.
Do not induce vomiting - give copious water to drink. Consult doctor immediately.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed
If applicable delayed symptoms and effects can be found in section 11 and the absorption route in section 4.1.
In certain cases, the symptoms of poisoning may only appear after an extended period / after several hours.
The following may occur:
Corrosive burns on skin as well as mucous membrane possible.
Necrosis
Risk of serious damage to eyes.
Corneal damage.
Danger of blindness
Ingestion:
Pain in the mouth and throat
Gastrointestinal disturbances
Oesophageal perforation
Gastric perforation

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed
Symptomatic treatment.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media
Suitable extinguishing media
Adapt to the nature and extent of fire.
Water jet spray/foam/CO2/dry extinguisher

Unsuitable extinguishing media
High volume water jet

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture
In case of fire the following can develop:
Oxides of carbon
Oxides of nitrogen
Toxic gases

5.3 Advice for firefighters
In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes.
Protective respirator with independent air supply.
According to size of fire
Full protection, if necessary.
Dispose of contaminated extinction water according to official regulations.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures
Keep unprotected persons away.
Ensure sufficient supply of air.
Avoid inhalation, and contact with eyes or skin.

If applicable, caution - risk of slipping.

6.2 Environmental precautions

If leakage occurs, dam up.
Resolve leaks if this possible without risk.
Prevent surface and ground-water infiltration, as well as ground penetration.
Prevent from entering drainage system.
If accidental entry into drainage system occurs, inform responsible authorities.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Soak up with absorbent material (e.g. universal binding agent, sand, diatomaceous earth, sawdust) and dispose of according to Section 13.
Fill the absorbed material into lockable containers.
Neutralising is possible (only from a specialist).
Diluting with water is possible.
Flush residue using copious water.

6.4 Reference to other sections

For personal protective equipment see Section 8 and for disposal instructions see Section 13.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

In addition to information given in this section, relevant information can also be found in section 8 and 6.1.

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

7.1.1 General recommendations

Ensure good ventilation.
Avoid inhalation of the vapours.
Avoid contact with eyes or skin.
Handle and open container with care.
Eating, drinking, smoking, as well as food-storage, is prohibited in work-room.
Observe directions on label and instructions for use.
Use working methods according to operating instructions.

7.1.2 Notes on general hygiene measures at the workplace

General hygiene measures for the handling of chemicals are applicable.
Wash hands before breaks and at end of work.
Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs.
Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering areas in which food is consumed.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Keep out of access to unauthorised individuals.
Store product closed and only in original packing.
Not to be stored in gangways or stair wells.
Under all circumstances prevent penetration into the soil.
Do not store with acids.
Do not use alkali sensitive materials.
Store at room temperature.
Store in a dry place.

7.3 Specific end use(s)

No information available at present.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

GB	**Chemical Name**	2,2'-Iminodiethylamine		Content %:1-5
WEL-TWA: 1 ppm (4,3 mg/m3)		WEL-STEL: ---		---
Monitoring procedures:		- Draeger - Amine Test (81 01 061)		
BMGV: ---			Other information: Sk	

GB WEL-TWA = Workplace Exposure Limit - Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA (= time weighted average) reference period) EH40. AGW = "Arbeitsplatzgrenzwert" (workplace limit value, Germany). | WEL-STEL = Workplace Exposure Limit - Short-term exposure limit (15-minute reference period). | BMGV = Biological monitoring guidance value EH40. BGW = "Biologischer Grenzwert" (biological limit value, Germany) | Other information: Sen = Capable of causing occupational asthma. Sk = Can be absorbed through skin. Carc = Capable of causing cancer and/or heritable genetic damage.
** = The exposure limit for this substance is repealed through the TRGS 900 (Germany) of January 2006 with the goal of revision.

8.2 Exposure controls
8.2.1 Appropriate engineering controls

Ensure good ventilation. This can be achieved by local suction or general air extraction.
If this is insufficient to maintain the concentration under the WEL or AGW values, suitable breathing protection should be worn.
Applies only if maximum permissible exposure values are listed here.
Suitable assessment methods for reviewing the effectiveness of protection measures adopted include metrological and non-metrological investigative techniques.
These are specified by e.g. EN 14042.
EN 14042 "Workplace atmospheres. Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents".

8.2.2 Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

General hygiene measures for the handling of chemicals are applicable.
Wash hands before breaks and at end of work.
Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs.
Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering areas in which food is consumed.

Eye/face protection:
Tight fitting protective goggles with side protection (EN 166).

Skin protection - Hand protection:
Chemical resistant protective gloves (EN 374).
If applicable
Protective Neoprene® / polychloroprene gloves (EN 374).
Protective nitrile gloves (EN 374)
Protective Viton® / fluoroelastomer gloves (EN 374)
Minimum layer thickness in mm:
0,5
Permeation time (penetration time) in minutes:
>= 480
Protective hand cream recommended.
The breakthrough times determined in accordance with EN 374 Part 3 were not obtained under practical conditions.
The recommended maximum wearing time is 50% of breakthrough time.

Skin protection - Other:
Protective working garments (e.g. safety shoes EN ISO 20345, long-sleeved protective working garments).

Respiratory protection:
If OES or MEL is exceeded.
Filter A P2 (EN 14387), code colour brown, white
Observe wearing time limitations for respiratory protection equipment.

Thermal hazards:
Not applicable

Additional information on hand protection - No tests have been performed.
In the case of mixtures, the selection has been made according to the knowledge available and the information about the contents.
Selection of materials derived from glove manufacturer's indications.
Final selection of glove material must be made taking the breakthrough times, permeation rates and degradation into account.

Selection of a suitable glove depends not only on the material but also on other quality characteristics and varies from manufacturer to manufacturer.
In the case of mixtures, the resistance of glove materials cannot be predicted and must therefore be tested before use.
The exact breakthrough time of the glove material can be requested from the protective glove manufacturer and must be observed.

8.2.3 Environmental exposure controls
No information available at present.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state:	Liquid
Colour:	Colourless
Odour:	Perfumed
Odour threshold:	Not determined
pH-value:	11,0-11,6 (100 g/l, 20°C)
Melting point/freezing point:	Not determined
Initial boiling point and boiling range:	>100 °C
Flash point:	n.a.
Evaporation rate:	Not determined
Flammability (solid, gas):	n.a.
Lower explosive limit:	n.a.
Upper explosive limit:	n.a.
Vapour pressure:	~10 kPa (20°C, water)
Vapour density (air = 1):	Not determined
Density:	1,005-1,015 g/cm3
Bulk density:	Not determined
Solubility(ies):	Not determined
Water solubility:	Mixable
Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water):	Not determined
Auto-ignition temperature:	n.a.
Decomposition temperature:	Not determined
Viscosity:	Not determined
Explosive properties:	No
Oxidising properties:	No

9.2 Other information

Miscibility:	Not determined
Fat solubility / solvent:	Not determined
Conductivity:	Not determined
Surface tension:	Not determined
Solvents content:	Not determined

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity
The product has not been tested.

10.2 Chemical stability
Stable with proper storage and handling.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions
Avoid contact with strong acids (exothermic reaction possible).

10.4 Conditions to avoid
None known

10.5 Incompatible materials
Avoid contact with strong acids.
Avoid contact with strong oxidizing agents.

Avoid contact with alkali sensitive materials.

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

No decomposition when used as directed.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Possibly more information on health effects, see Section 2.1 (classification).

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Toxicity / effect	**Endpoint**	**Value**	**Unit**	**Organism**	**Test method**	**Notes**
Acute toxicity, by oral route:	ATE	>2000	mg/kg			calculated value
Acute toxicity, by dermal route:	ATE	>5000	mg/kg			calculated value
Acute toxicity, by inhalation:	ATE	1,55	mg/l/4h			Aerosol, calculated value
Acute toxicity, by inhalation:	ATE	11,11	mg/l/4h			Vapours, calculated value
Skin corrosion/irritation:						n.d.a.
Serious eye damage/irritation:						n.d.a.
Respiratory or skin sensitisation:						n.d.a.
Germ cell mutagenicity:						n.d.a.
Carcinogenicity:						n.d.a.
Reproductive toxicity:						n.d.a.
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure (STOT-SE):						n.d.a.
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure (STOT-RE):						n.d.a.
Aspiration hazard:						n.d.a.
Symptoms:						n.d.a.

Quaternary ammonium compounds, benzyl-C12-18-alkyldimethyl, chlorides						
Toxicity / effect	**Endpoint**	**Value**	**Unit**	**Organism**	**Test method**	**Notes**
Acute toxicity, by oral route:	LD50	344	mg/kg	Rat		
Acute toxicity, by dermal route:	LD50	3340	mg/kg	Rabbit		
Skin corrosion/irritation:				Rabbit		Corrosive
Serious eye damage/irritation:				Rabbit		Corrosive
Respiratory or skin sensitisation:				Guinea pig	OECD 406 (Skin Sensitisation)	Not sensitizising
Germ cell mutagenicity:					OECD 473 (In Vitro Mammalian Chromosome Aberration Test)	Negative
Germ cell mutagenicity:				Salmonella typhimurium	OECD 471 (Bacterial Reverse Mutation Test)	Negative
Symptoms:						respiratory distress, coughing, circulatory collapse

2,2'-Iminodiethylamine

Toxicity / effect	Endpoint	Value	Unit	Organism	Test method	Notes
Acute toxicity, by oral route:	LD50	1140	mg/kg	Rat		
Acute toxicity, by oral route:	LD50	1533	mg/kg	Rat	OECD 401 (Acute Oral Toxicity)	
Acute toxicity, by dermal route:	LD50	1046	mg/kg	Rabbit		
Acute toxicity, by inhalation:	LC50	1,8	mg/l/4h	Rat		Vapours
Acute toxicity, by inhalation:	NOAEL	0,07	mg/l	Rat	OECD 403 (Acute Inhalation Toxicity)	Aerosol
Skin corrosion/irritation:				Rabbit		Corrosive
Serious eye damage/irritation:						Corrosive
Serious eye damage/irritation:				Rabbit		Irreversible effects, Corrosive
Respiratory or skin sensitisation:						Sensitising (skin contact)
Respiratory or skin sensitisation:				Mouse	OECD 429 (Skin Sensitisation - Local Lymph Node Assay)	Sensitising (skin contact)
Germ cell mutagenicity:					OECD 471 (Bacterial Reverse Mutation Test)	Negative
Symptoms:						respiratory distress, burning of the membranes of the nose and throat, coughing, mucous membrane irritation
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure (STOT-SE), inhalative:						May cause respiratory irritation.

N-(3-aminopropyl)-N-dodecylpropane-1,3-diamine

Toxicity / effect	Endpoint	Value	Unit	Organism	Test method	Notes
Acute toxicity, by oral route:	LD50	261	mg/kg	Rat	OECD 401 (Acute Oral Toxicity)	
Acute toxicity, by dermal route:	LD50	>2000	mg/kg	Rat	OECD 402 (Acute Dermal Toxicity)	
Skin corrosion/irritation:				Rabbit	OECD 404 (Acute Dermal Irritation/Corrosion)	Corrosive
Respiratory or skin sensitisation:				Guinea pig	OECD 406 (Skin Sensitisation)	Not sensitizising
Germ cell mutagenicity:				Salmonella typhimurium	OECD 471 (Bacterial Reverse Mutation Test)	Negative
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure (STOT-RE), oral:	NOAEL	9	mg/kg	Rat	OECD 408 (Repeated Dose 90-Day Oral Toxicity Study in Rodents)	

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure (STOT-RE), dermal:	NOAL	15	mg/kg	Rat		

Tridecylamine, branched and linear

Toxicity / effect	Endpoint	Value	Unit	Organism	Test method	Notes
Acute toxicity, by oral route:	LD50	820	mg/kg	Rat	OECD 401 (Acute Oral Toxicity)	
Skin corrosion/irritation:				Rabbit		Corrosive
Serious eye damage/irritation:				Rabbit		Corrosive

Nitrilotriacetic acid

Toxicity / effect	Endpoint	Value	Unit	Organism	Test method	Notes
Acute toxicity, by oral route:	LD50	>5000	mg/kg	Rat		
Acute toxicity, by dermal route:	LD50	>5000	mg/kg	Rabbit		Analogous conclusion
Acute toxicity, by inhalation:	LC50	>5	mg/l/4h	Rat		Analogous conclusion
Skin corrosion/irritation:				Rabbit		Not irritant
Serious eye damage/irritation:				Rabbit		Irritant
Respiratory or skin sensitisation:				Guinea pig	OECD 406 (Skin Sensitisation)	Not sensitizising (Analogous conclusion), Analogous conclusion
Carcinogenicity:						Studies on carcinogenic effects in animal experiments., Carc. 2

SECTION 12: Ecological information

Possibly more information on environmental effects, see Section 2.1 (classification).

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Toxicity / effect	Endpoint	Time	Value	Unit	Organism	Test method	Notes
12.1. Toxicity to fish:							n.d.a.
12.1. Toxicity to daphnia:							n.d.a.
12.1. Toxicity to algae:							n.d.a.
12.2. Persistence and degradability:							n.d.a.
12.3. Bioaccumulative potential:							n.d.a.
12.4. Mobility in soil:							n.d.a.
12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment							n.d.a.
12.6. Other adverse effects:							n.d.a.

Quaternary ammonium compounds, benzyl-C12-18-alkyldimethyl, chlorides

Toxicity / effect	Endpoint	Time	Value	Unit	Organism	Test method	Notes
12.1. Toxicity to fish:	NOEC/NOEL	34d	0,032	mg/l	Pimephales promelas	U.S. EPA ECOTOX Database	
12.1. Toxicity to fish:	LC50	96h	0,28	mg/l	Pimephales promelas	U.S. EPA ECOTOX Database	
12.1. Toxicity to daphnia:	NOEC/NOEL	21d	0,0042	mg/l	Daphnia magna	U.S. EPA, (4th Ed. EPA 6)	
12.1. Toxicity to daphnia:	LC50	48h	0,016	mg/l	Daphnia magna	OECD 202 (Daphnia sp. Acute Immobilisation Test)	
12.1. Toxicity to algae:	ErC50	72h	0,049	mg/l	Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	OECD 201 (Alga, Growth Inhibition Test)	
12.2. Persistence and degradability:		28d	>90	%		OECD 303 A (Simulation Test - Aerobic Sewage Treatment - Activated Sludge Units)	Readily biodegradable
12.2. Persistence and degradability:							The surfactant(s) contained in this mixture complies(comply) with the biodegradability criteria as laid down in Regulation (EC) No.648/2004 on detergents., Data to support this assertion are held at the disposal of the competent authorities of the Member States and will be made available to them, at their direct request or at the request of a detergent manufacturer.
Toxicity to bacteria:	EC50	3h	7,75	mg/l	activated sludge		

2,2'-Iminodiethylamine							
Toxicity / effect	**Endpoint**	**Time**	**Value**	**Unit**	**Organism**	**Test method**	**Notes**
12.1. Toxicity to fish:	LC50	96h	248	mg/l	Leuciscus idus		
12.1. Toxicity to fish:	LC50	96h	430	mg/l	Poecilia reticulata	84/449/EEC C.1	

12.1. Toxicity to daphnia:	LC50	48h	16	mg/l			
12.1. Toxicity to daphnia:	EC50	48h	16	mg/l	Daphnia magna	DIN 38412 T.11	
12.1. Toxicity to algae:	EC50	72h	1164	mg/l	Selenastrum capricornutum	OECD 201 (Alga, Growth Inhibition Test)	
12.2. Persistence and degradability:	BOD	21d	87	%	activated sludge	OECD 301 D (Ready Biodegradability - Closed Bottle Test)	Readily biodegradable
12.3. Bioaccumulative potential:	BCF	42d	6,3		Cyprinus caprio	OECD 305 (Bioconcentration - Flow-Through Fish Test)	A notable biological accumulation potential is not to be expected (LogPow 1-3).
Toxicity to bacteria:	LC50	17h	96	mg/l			
Toxicity to bacteria:	NOEC/NOEL	3h	6	mg/l	activated sludge		
Other organisms:	NOEC/NOEL	56d	500	mg/kg	Eisenia foetida	OECD 222 (Earthworm Reproduction Test (Eisenia fetida/Eisenia andrei))	
Other information:							Does not contain any organically bound halogens which can contribute to the AOX value in waste water.

N-(3-aminopropyl)-N-dodecylpropane-1,3-diamine

Toxicity / effect	Endpoint	Time	Value	Unit	Organism	Test method	Notes
12.1. Toxicity to fish:	LC50	96h	0,68	mg/l	Oncorhynchus mykiss	OECD 203 (Fish, Acute Toxicity Test)	
12.1. Toxicity to daphnia:	LC50	24h	2	mg/l	Daphnia magna	OECD 202 (Daphnia sp. Acute Immobilisation Test)	
12.1. Toxicity to algae:	ErC50	96h	0,054	mg/l	Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	U.S. EPA ECOTOX Database	
12.2. Persistence and degradability:			79	%		OECD 301 D (Ready Biodegradability - Closed Bottle Test)	Readily biodegradable

12.2. Persistence and degradability:		28d	96	%		OECD 302 B (Inherent Biodegradability - Zahn-Wellens/EMPA Test)	
12.2. Persistence and degradability:							The surfactant(s) contained in this mixture complies(comply) with the biodegradability criteria as laid down in Regulation (EC) No.648/2004 on detergents., Data to support this assertion are held at the disposal of the competent authorities of the Member States and will be made available to them, at their direct request or at the request of a detergent manufacturer.
Toxicity to bacteria:	EC50	3h	18	mg/l	activated sludge	OECD 209 (Activated Sludge, Respiration Inhibition Test (Carbon and Ammonium Oxidation))	
Toxicity to bacteria:	EC50		1-5	mg/l	Pseudomonas putida	DIN 38412 T.8	

Tridecylamine, branched and linear							
Toxicity / effect	**Endpoint**	**Time**	**Value**	**Unit**	**Organism**	**Test method**	**Notes**
12.1. Toxicity to fish:	LC50	96h	0,0654	mg/l	Pimephales promelas		Analogous conclusion
12.1. Toxicity to daphnia:	EC50	48h	0,015	mg/l	Daphnia magna		Analogous conclusion
12.1. Toxicity to algae:	EC50	72h	0,015	mg/l	Desmodesmus subspicatus		
12.2. Persistence and degradability:							Not readily biodegradable
12.3. Bioaccumulative potential:							Not to be expected

Toxicity to bacteria:	EC20	30min	~10	mg/l	activated sludge	OECD 209 (Activated Sludge, Respiration Inhibition Test (Carbon and Ammonium Oxidation))	
Other information:							Does not contain any organically bound halogens which can contribute to the AOX value in waste water.

Nitrilotriacetic acid							
Toxicity / effect	**Endpoint**	**Time**	**Value**	**Unit**	**Organism**	**Test method**	**Notes**
12.1. Toxicity to fish:	LC50	96h	>100	mg/l	Pimephales promelas		Analogous conclusion
12.1. Toxicity to fish:	NOEC/NOEL	>60d	>1	mg/l	Pimephales promelas		Analogous conclusion
12.1. Toxicity to daphnia:	NOEC/NOEL	>60d	>1	mg/l	Gammarus sp.		Analogous conclusion
12.1. Toxicity to daphnia:	EC50	96h	>100	mg/l	Daphnia magna		Analogous conclusion
12.1. Toxicity to algae:	EC50	72h	>100	mg/l	Scenedesmus subspicatus		Analogous conclusion
12.2. Persistence and degradability:	BOD	28d	>70	%		OECD 301 B (Ready Biodegradability - Co2 Evolution Test)	Readily biodegradable
12.3. Bioaccumulative potential:		96h	<3		Brachydanio rerio		A notable biological accumulation potential is not to be expected (LogPow 1-3).

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods
For the substance / mixture / residual amounts

EC disposal code no.:
The waste codes are recommendations based on the scheduled use of this product.
Owing to the user's specific conditions for use and disposal, other waste codes may be allocated under certain circumstances. (2014/955/EU)
07 06 01 aqueous washing liquids and mother liquors
Recommendation:
Sewage disposal shall be discouraged.
Pay attention to local and national official regulations.
E.g. suitable incineration plant.
E.g. dispose at suitable refuse site.

For contaminated packing material
Pay attention to local and national official regulations.
Empty container completely.
Uncontaminated packaging can be recycled.
Dispose of packaging that cannot be cleaned in the same manner as the substance.

SECTION 14: Transport information

General statements
14.1. UN number: 1903

Transport by road/by rail (ADR/RID)
14.2. UN proper shipping name:
UN 1903 DISINFECTANT, LIQUID, CORROSIVE, N.O.S. (QUATERNARY AMMONIUM COMPOUNDS , BENZYL-C12-18-ALKYLDIMETHYL, CHLORIDES,N,N-BIS(3-AMINOPROPYL)DODECYLAMINE)

14.3. Transport hazard class(es):	8
14.4. Packing group:	II
Classification code:	C9
LQ:	1 L
14.5. Environmental hazards:	environmentally hazardous
Tunnel restriction code:	E

Transport by sea (IMDG-code)
14.2. UN proper shipping name:
DISINFECTANT, LIQUID, CORROSIVE, N.O.S. (QUATERNARY AMMONIUM COMPOUNDS, BENZYL-C 12-18-ALKYLDIMETHYL, CHLORIDES,N,N-BIS(3-AMINOPROPYL)DODECYLAMINE)

14.3. Transport hazard class(es):	8
14.4. Packing group:	II
EmS:	F-A, S-B
Marine Pollutant:	Yes
14.5. Environmental hazards:	environmentally hazardous

Transport by air (IATA)
14.2. UN proper shipping name:
Disinfectant, liquid, corrosive, n.o.s. (QUATERNARY AMMONIUM COMPOUNDS, BENZYL-C 12-18-ALKYLDIMETHYL, CHLORIDES,N,N-BIS(3-AMINOPROPYL)DODECYLAMINE)

14.3. Transport hazard class(es):	8
14.4. Packing group:	II
14.5. Environmental hazards:	Not applicable

14.6. Special precautions for user
Persons employed in transporting dangerous goods must be trained.
All persons involved in transporting must observe safety regulations.
Precautions must be taken to prevent damage.

14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code
Freighted as packaged goods rather than in bulk, therefore not applicable.
Minimum amount regulations have not been taken into account.
Danger code and packing code on request.
Comply with special provisions.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture
Observe restrictions:
Comply with trade association/occupational health regulations.

Observe incident regulations.

Observe youth employment law (German regulation).
Observe law on protection of expectant mothers (German regulation).

15.2 Chemical safety assessment
A chemical safety assessment is not provided for mixtures.

SECTION 16: Other information

Revised sections: n.a.
These details refer to the product as it is delivered.
Employee instruction/training in handling hazardous materials is required.
Employee training in handling dangerous goods is required.

Classification and processes used to derive the classification of the mixture in accordance with the ordinance (EG) 1272/2008 (CLP):

Classification in accordance with regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 (CLP)	Evaluation method used
Acute Tox. 4, H332	Classification according to calculation procedure.
Skin Corr. 1B, H314	Classification according to calculation procedure.
Skin Sens. 1, H317	Classification according to calculation procedure.
Aquatic Acute 1, H400	Classification according to calculation procedure.
Aquatic Chronic 1, H410	Classification according to calculation procedure.

The following phrases represent the posted Hazard Class and Risk Category Code (GHS/CLP) of the product and the constituents (specified in Section 2 and 3).
H330 Fatal if inhaled.
H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
H301 Toxic if swallowed.
H302 Harmful if swallowed.
H312 Harmful in contact with skin.
H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H319 Causes serious eye irritation.
H335 May cause respiratory irritation.
H351 Suspected of causing cancer.
H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
H400 Very toxic to aquatic life.
H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Acute Tox. — Acute toxicity - inhalation
Skin Corr. — Skin corrosion
Skin Sens. — Skin sensitization
Aquatic Acute — Hazardous to the aquatic environment - acute
Aquatic Chronic — Hazardous to the aquatic environment - chronic
Acute Tox. — Acute toxicity - oral
Acute Tox. — Acute toxicity - dermal
STOT SE — Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure - respiratory tract irritation
STOT RE — Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure
Eye Irrit. — Eye irritation
Carc. — Carcinogenicity

Any abbreviations and acronyms used in this document:

AC Article Categories
acc., acc. to according, according to
ACGIH American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists
ADR Accord européen relatif au transport international des marchandises Dangereuses par Route (= European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road)
AOEL Acceptable Operator Exposure Level
AOX Adsorbable organic halogen compounds
approx. approximately
Art., Art. no. Article number
ATE Acute Toxicity Estimate according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP)
BAM Bundesanstalt für Materialforschung und -prüfung (Federal Institute for Materials Research and Testing, Germany)
BAuA Bundesanstalt für Arbeitsschutz und Arbeitsmedizin (= Federal Institute for Occupational Health and Safety, Germany)
BCF Bioconcentration factor
BGV Berufsgenossenschaftliche Vorschrift (= Accident Prevention Regulation)
BHT Butylhydroxytoluol (= 2,6-Di-t-butyl-4-methyl-phenol)
BMGV Biological monitoring guidance value (EH40, UK)
BOD Biochemical oxygen demand
BSEF Bromine Science and Environmental Forum
bw body weight
CAS Chemical Abstracts Service
CEC Coordinating European Council for the Development of Performance Tests for Fuels, Lubricants and Other Fluids
CESIO Comité Européen des Agents de Surface et de leurs Intermédiaires Organiques
CIPAC Collaborative International Pesticides Analytical Council
CLP Classification, Labelling and Packaging (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures)
CMR carcinogenic, mutagenic, reproductive toxic
COD Chemical oxygen demand
CTFA Cosmetic, Toiletry, and Fragrance Association
DMEL Derived Minimum Effect Level
DNEL Derived No Effect Level
DOC Dissolved organic carbon
DT50 Dwell Time - 50% reduction of start concentration
DVS Deutscher Verband für Schweißen und verwandte Verfahren e.V. (= German Association for Welding and Allied Processes)
dw dry weight
e.g. for example (abbreviation of Latin 'exempli gratia'), for instance
EC European Community
ECHA European Chemicals Agency
EEA European Economic Area
EEC European Economic Community
EINECS European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances
ELINCS European List of Notified Chemical Substances
EN European Norms
EPA United States Environmental Protection Agency (United States of America)
ERC Environmental Release Categories
ES Exposure scenario
etc. et cetera
EU European Union
EWC European Waste Catalogue
Fax. Fax number
gen. general
GHS Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals
GWP Global warming potential
HET-CAM Hen's Egg Test - Chorionallantoic Membrane
HGWP Halocarbon Global Warming Potential
IARC International Agency for Research on Cancer

IATA International Air Transport Association
IBC Intermediate Bulk Container
IBC (Code) International Bulk Chemical (Code)
IC Inhibitory concentration
IMDG-code International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods
incl. including, inclusive
IUCLID International Uniform ChemicaL Information Database
LC lethal concentration
LC50 lethal concentration 50 percent kill
LCLo lowest published lethal concentration
LD Lethal Dose of a chemical
LD50 Lethal Dose, 50% kill
LDLo Lethal Dose Low
LOAEL Lowest Observed Adverse Effect Level
LOEC Lowest Observed Effect Concentration
LOEL Lowest Observed Effect Level
LQ Limited Quantities
MARPOL International Convention for the Prevention of Marine Pollution from Ships
n.a. not applicable
n.av. not available
n.c. not checked
n.d.a. no data available
NIOSH National Institute of Occupational Safety and Health (United States of America)
NOAEC No Observed Adverse Effective Concentration
NOAEL No Observed Adverse Effect Level
NOEC No Observed Effect Concentration
NOEL No Observed Effect Level
ODP Ozone Depletion Potential
OECD Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development
org. organic
PAH polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbon
PBT persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic
PC Chemical product category
PE Polyethylene
PNEC Predicted No Effect Concentration
POCP Photochemical ozone creation potential
ppm parts per million
PROC Process category
PTFE Polytetrafluorethylene
REACH Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals (REGULATION (EC) No 1907/2006 concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals)
REACH-IT List-No. 9xx-xxx-x No. is automatically assigned, e.g. to pre-registrations without a CAS No. or other numerical identifier. List Numbers do not have any legal significance, rather they are purely technical identifiers for processing a submission via REACH-IT.
RID Règlement concernant le transport International ferroviaire de marchandises Dangereuses (= Regulation concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail)
SADT Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature
SAR Structure Activity Relationship
SU Sector of use
SVHC Substances of Very High Concern
Tel. Telephone
ThOD Theoretical oxygen demand
TOC Total organic carbon
TRGS Technische Regeln für Gefahrstoffe (=Technical Regulations for Hazardous Substances)
UN RTDG United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods
VbF Verordnung über brennbare Flüssigkeiten (= Regulation for flammable liquids (Austria))
VOC Volatile organic compounds
vPvB very persistent and very bioaccumulative

WEL-TWA, WEL-STEL WEL-TWA = Workplace Exposure Limit - Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA (= time weighted average) reference period), WEL-STEL = Workplace Exposure Limit - Short-term exposure limit (15-minute reference period) (EH40, UK).
WHO World Health Organization
wwt wet weight

The statements made here should describe the product with regard to the necessary safety precautions - they are not meant to guarantee definite characteristics - but they are based on our present up-to-date knowledge.
No responsibility.
These statements were made by:
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